











Transformation Pre-Job Brief:



Seven Essential Questions to empower an HPI culture change

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On the flip side...

"Our people are our greatest resource."

-- Smarmy McSmarmface, VP of layoffs

Technology is an accelerator of momentum – never a creator of it.

--Jim Collins, Good To Great

An OpEx culture change must be birthed, not bought.

--Me

What is HPI?

Human Performance Improvement

The practice of embedding the science of human error into the ways we plan, execute and learn from our work as an organization.



Common Answer:

To reduce the frequency and severity of both our employees' errors and the events they can lead to in the workplace.

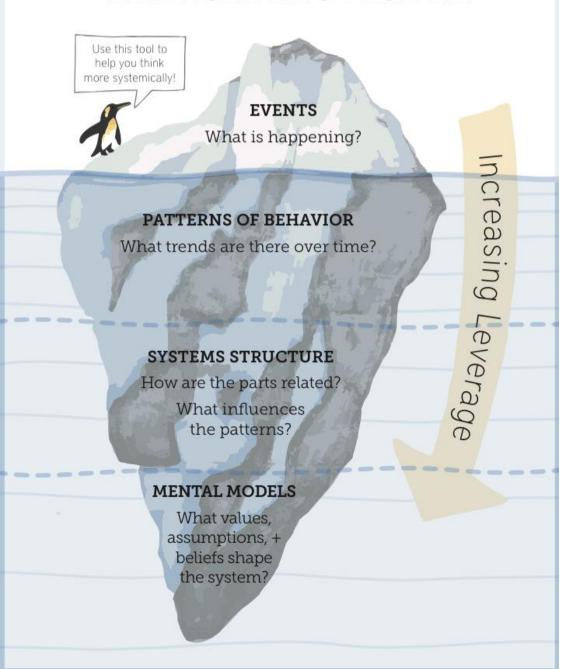
BUT...

That's "what,"
Not "why"

Simon Sinek

People don't buy what you do; they buy why you do it. And what you do simply proves what you believe.

THE ICEBERG MODEL

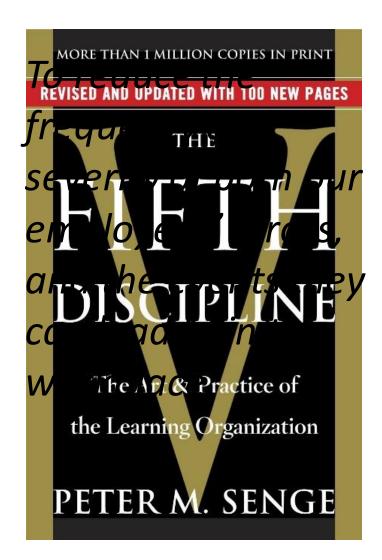


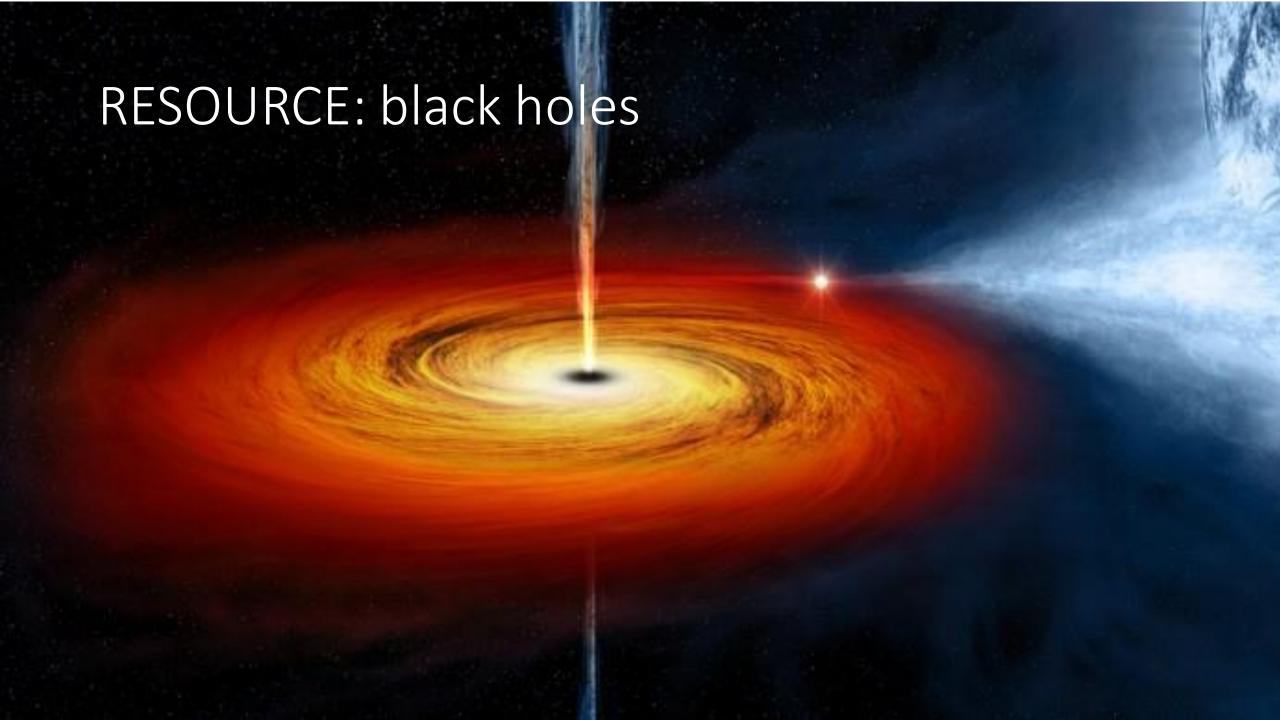
Consistent eye injuries

Significant numbers of equipment operators don't wear safety glasses; foremen don't correct

Production environment creates high humidity; glasses create blind spots

Plant Management:
"Employees always make
excuses about PPE"





RESOURCE: The Invisible List

Those of us in Safety and OpEx have a superpower...

... We can remove names from the Invisible List.

Does your "why" move us closer?

Our Why

Sustaining Excellence: those among us who achieve and sustain excellence do so by managing both parts of their brain: the genius of the slow brain, and the dark side that is prone to error.

KEY TAKEAWAY

The "why" behind your adoption of HPI, HRO, OpEx, RCA, etc is what your organization will use as a lens to decide whether to follow you or not.

It should be the central explicit pillar of your change effort – for you and your senior leaders.

If it's not, your workforce will create their own.

QUESTION 2:

The Science of Being Human

To err is human.

Though we cannot change the human condition, we can change the conditions under which humans work.

- Alexander Pope, 1709

- James Reason, 2000

The Second Question:

Do your leaders believe that each of them makes unavoidable errors every hour? Are they willing to embrace change as a result?

*1 to 7 per hour (up to 25)

Leaders who don't believe in the science of errors...

Believe errors are 100% avoidable

Insist on "Zero Incidents"

Build systems to punish costly errors

See no value in sharing their own errors with the organization

Leaders who do...

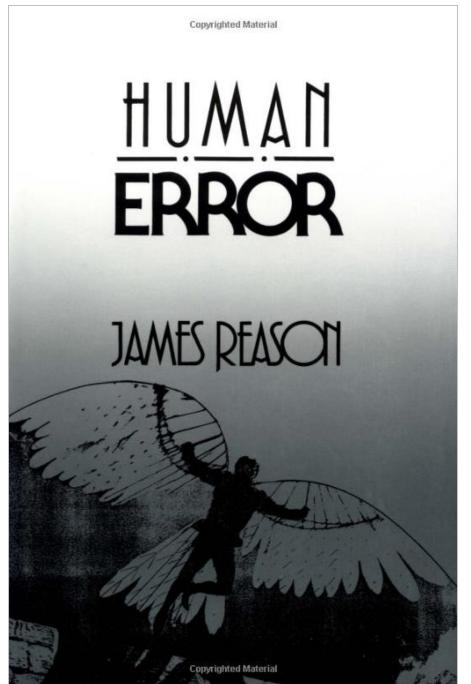
Believe errors are 100% unavoidable

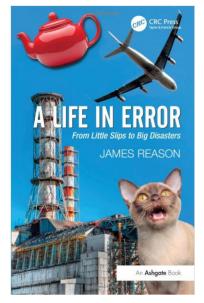
Insist on "softer landings"

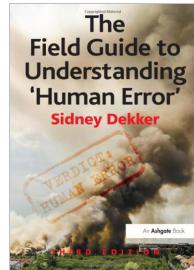
Build systems to learn from costly errors

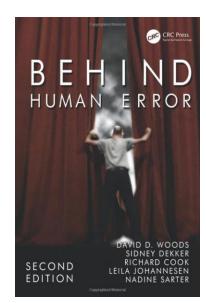
Model a growth mindset by sharing their own errors regularly

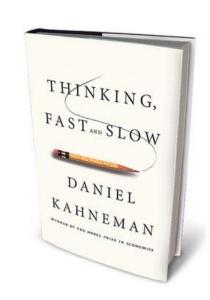
Errors







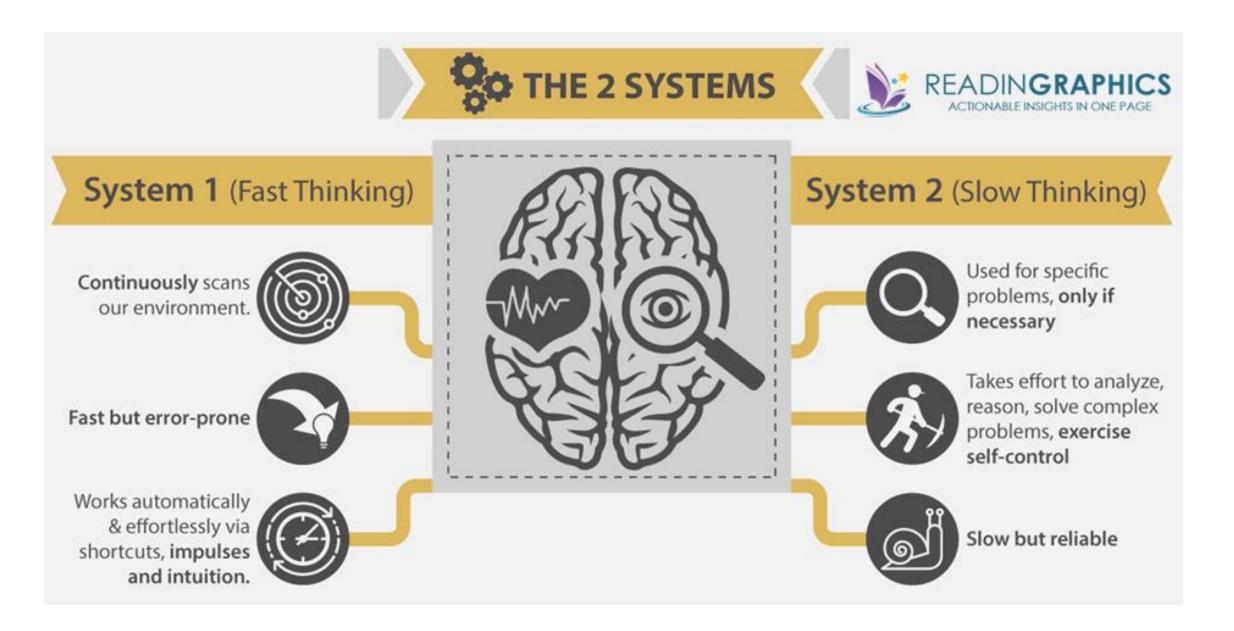




RESOURCES: The HPI "5+5"

HPI Principles	Through continual learning, we constantly improve the defenses that protect us from the errors all of us can make		
	1	We all make errors – it's a matter of when, not if	
	2	These errors follow a recurring pattern, and are predictable and manageable	
	3	Curiosity drives us to examine our practices and learn from our errors	
	4	As employees, we are the solution, not the problem	
	5	Excellence is not the absence of failure, but the presence of process and defenses	

Core HPI Concepts					
Questioning Attitude					
Errors	Defenses				
Critical Steps	Drift				



Overtaxed, stressed, tired or sick? You'll likely default to System 1.

Skill-based

Something I've practiced to muscle memory

1 in 1000

Rule + : a great procedure I've practiced

Rulebased Following an effective rule or procedure

1 in 100

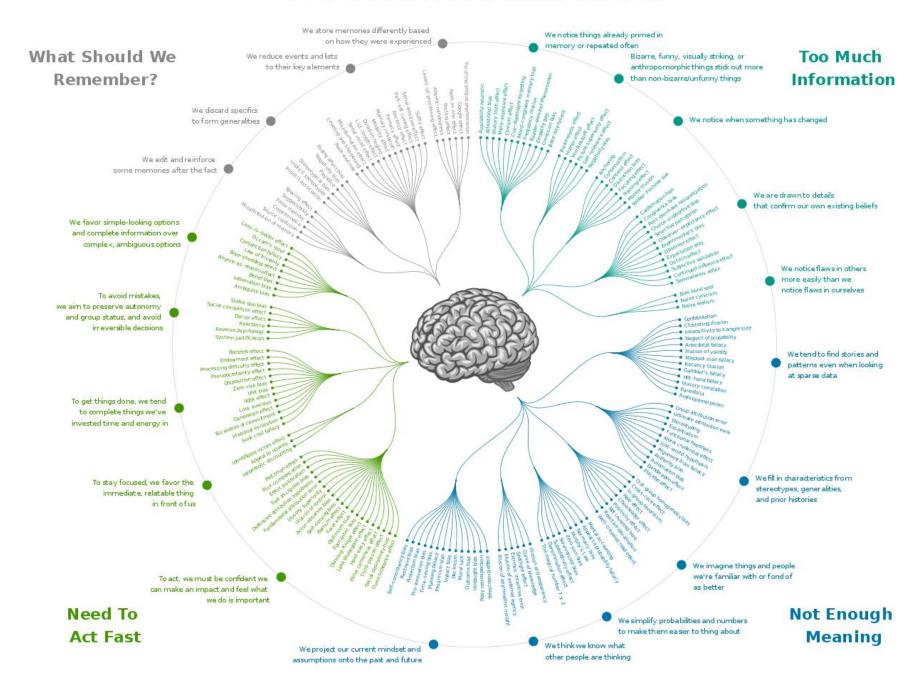
Knowledge -based

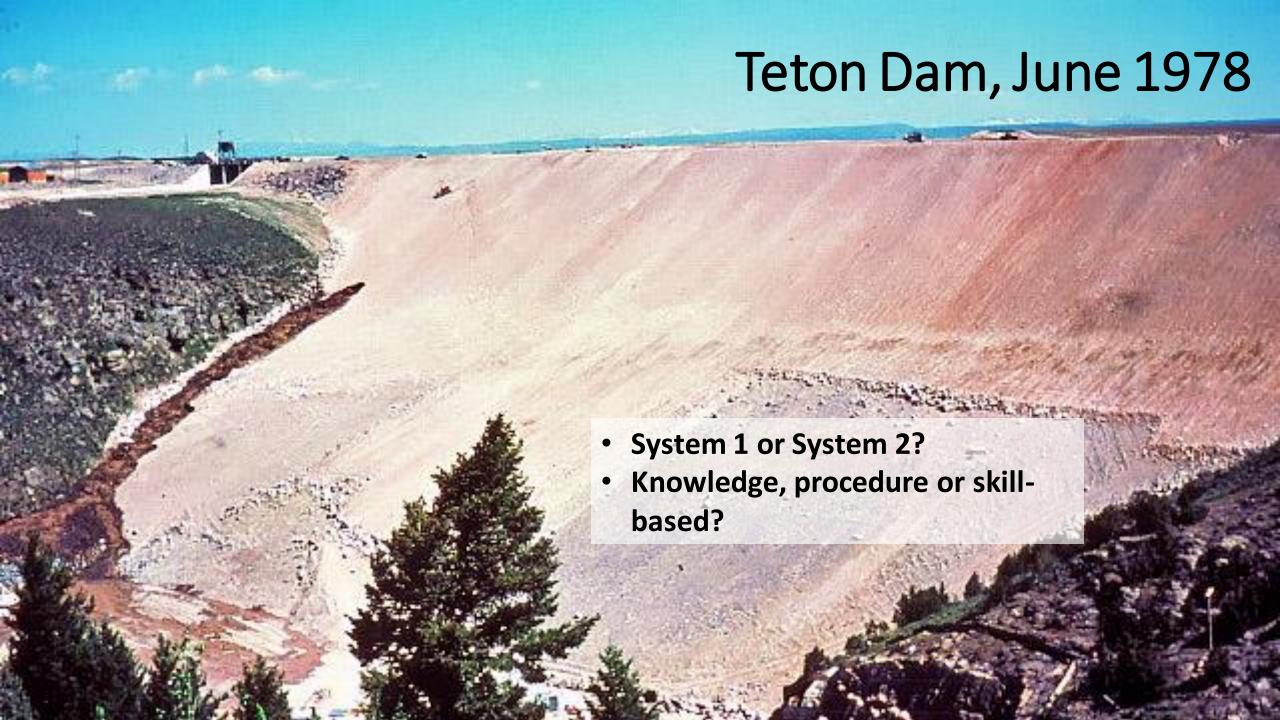
Everything else: the new, the unproceduralized, and the unmastered

1 in 2

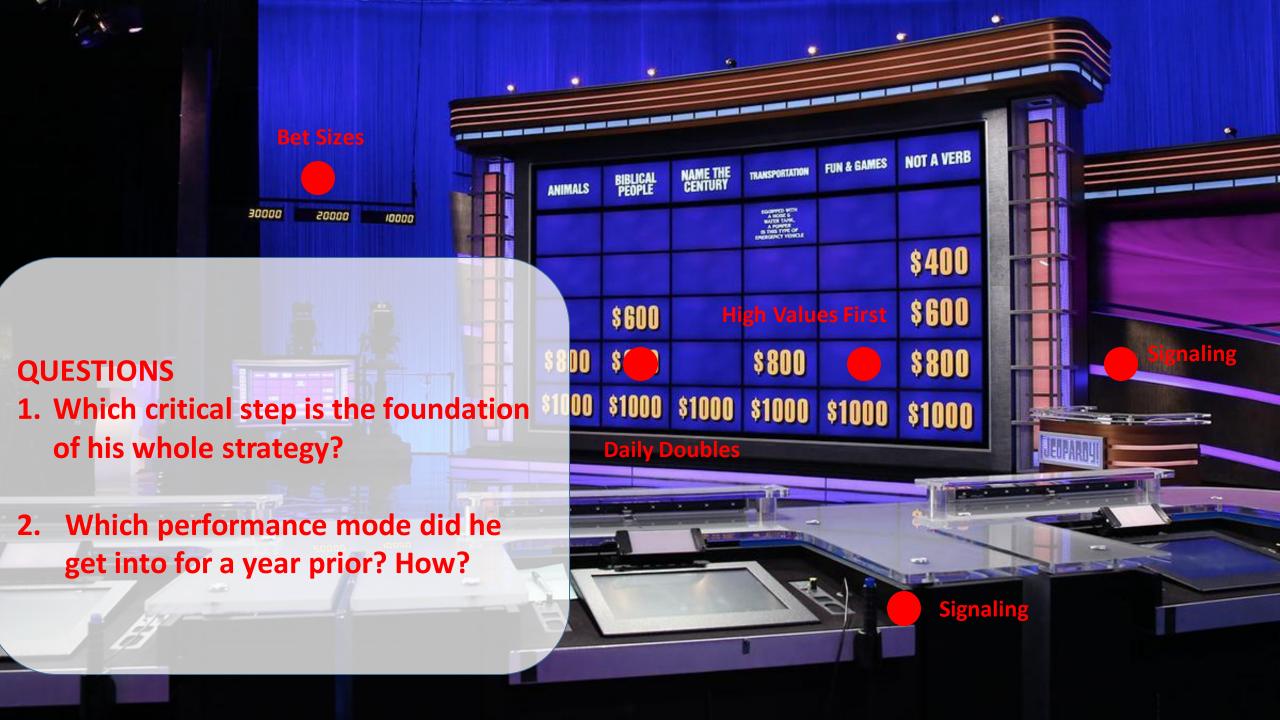
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THE COGNITIVE BIAS CODEX









Anatomy of Taking an NBA Charge

- Visualize: Opponent's path
- Get set: squared to opponent
- Stop: commit & don't move ◆
- Feet firm: both planted
- Court vision: Outside of restricted arc
- Take a hit: you must fall down backwards!



KEY TAKEAWAY

Human Error is an issue of our biology, not motivation or skill.

This belief is core to HPI, a mindset that transforms systems. It's an "all in" approach; there's no hiding a leader who doesn't buy-in, and the end result will be flavor of the month.

QUESTION 3:

Resistance vs. Resilience

The Nuclear Perspective

systems that eliminate discretion in order to isolate and avoid human error



ERROR-RESILIENCE: Build systems that enable discretion while softening the effects of human error that result

Third Question:

For your organization, is embracing employee discretion in daily work imperative?

KEY TAKEAWAY

There is no wrong answer to Question 2. But every HPI consultant, tool, and book assumes one of these philosophies.

Not everyone is explicit, and matching the wrong philosophy to your operations can be disastrous.

QUESTION 4:

Modeling Change

Top-Down Culture Change

Executives: model the mindset and behaviors; tell stories; dedicate time; demonstrate the value of the change personally.

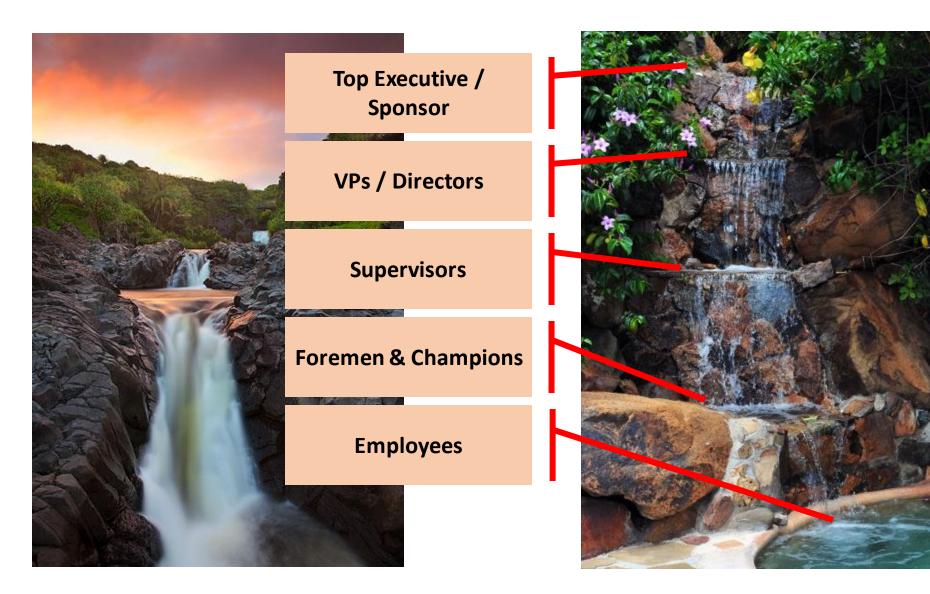


Employees: Attend training; get new performance goals and metrics; fit the new approach in the current work "meta"

Fourth Question:

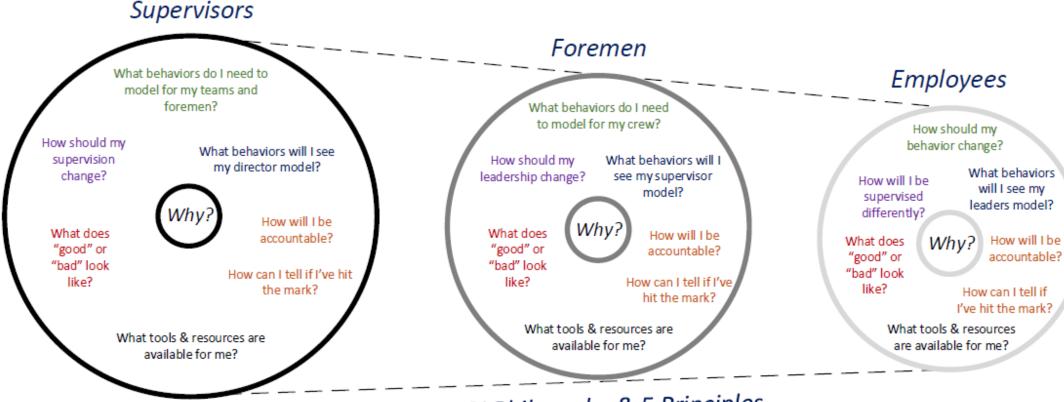
Are senior leaders ready to model and own the culture change, and are they equipped to do so?

RESOURCE 1 of 3: The Change Waterfal

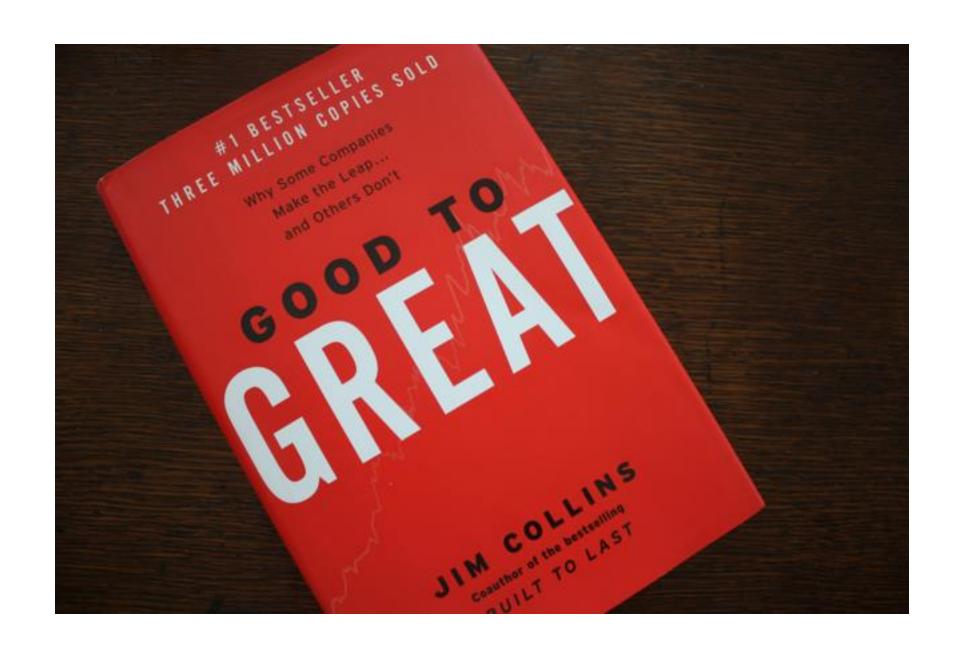


HPI Training Philosophy: Waterfall

- · A culture will change when its leaders begin to model and value new behaviors.
- · What behaviors do we want from our employees?
- · Our directors, supervisors and foremen must first model these behaviors, then coach them, and finally measure them.
- . If it's not being modeled to employees, we can't ask them to do it.
- Training will accelerate the change, by giving employees tools to adopt the behaviors they're seeing modeled and valued. Absent
 either, it will have a negative impact.



RESOURCE 3 of 3: Good To Great By Jim Collins



KEY TAKEAWAY

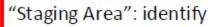
A mindset can't be dictated, only modeled.

HPI starts and ends at the top of an organization. Spend the majority of your time and resources there, and the rest of the organization will benefit tremendously.

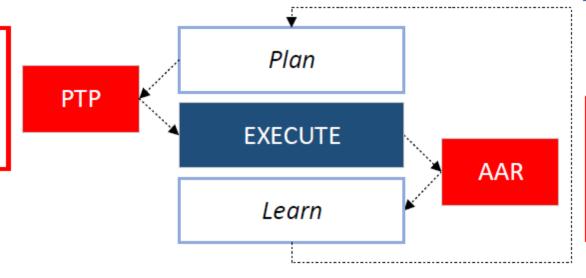
QUESTION 5:

Transformation of Work

Effective planning and learning don't interrupt more execution – they enable it.



- Error-likely situations
- Drift traps
- Critical Steps
- Work plan + R&R



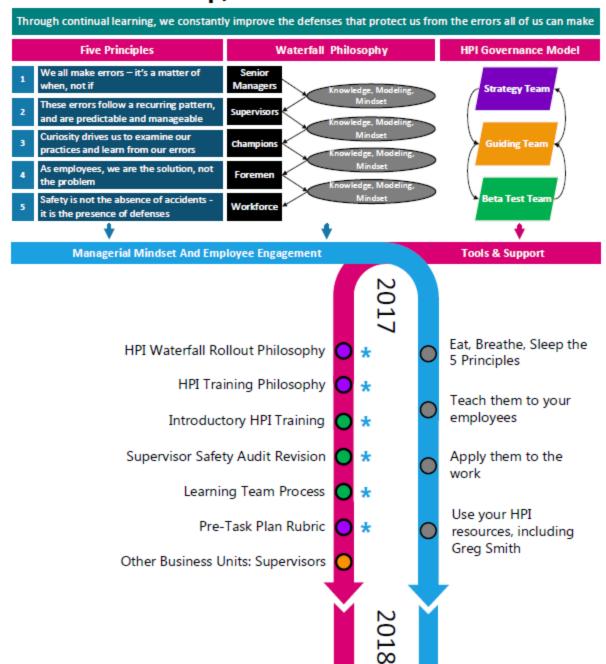
"Post-job pause": review

- Work as planned vs reality
- Hazards + response
- Improve for next time
- Organizational learning

Fifth Question:

Is your leadership prepared to transform the organization's approach to how you plan, execute and/or learn from work?

G&T HPI Roadmap, 2017-2018



RESOURCES: HPI Philosophy

	impr	ugh continual learning, we constantly ove the defenses that protect us the errors all of us can make	Through continual production, we constantly emphasize high-speed performance and a culture of zero incidents		
səl	1	We all make errors – it's a matter of when, not if	Errors are avoidable, and result from a lack of effort, focus or expertise	1	
rinciples	2	These errors follow a recurring pattern, and are predictable and manageable	Slowing production, even to learn or improve, is tacitly unacceptable	2	
HPIP	3	Curiosity drives us to examine our practices and learn from our errors	Fear drives us to shield our practices and hide our mistakes	3	
	4	As employees, we are the solution, not the problem	Employees create the problems that managers are paid to solve	4	
	5	Excellence is not the absence of failure, but the presence of process and defenses	Success is measured by deliverables	5	

KEY TAKEAWAY

If effective defenses combat our propensity to err, then the planning that proceeds the work, and the learning that follows it, are where the "free" defenses reside. HPI must transform how we work.

QUESTION 6:

Just Culture

Just Culture

We are partners: We remove those who gamble with others' or their own well-being; we learn from everything else.

Traditional Discipline

Non-compliance is the enemy:

We punish every act that doesn't comply with our policies, practices or procedures.

Sixth Question:

Do you understand the natural implications an HPI culture will have for your approach to discipline? Are you ready to change?

A Just Culture

Seeks to understand

Protects the "Second Victim"

Is absolutely unforgiving with perpetrators

Outcome: protects learning

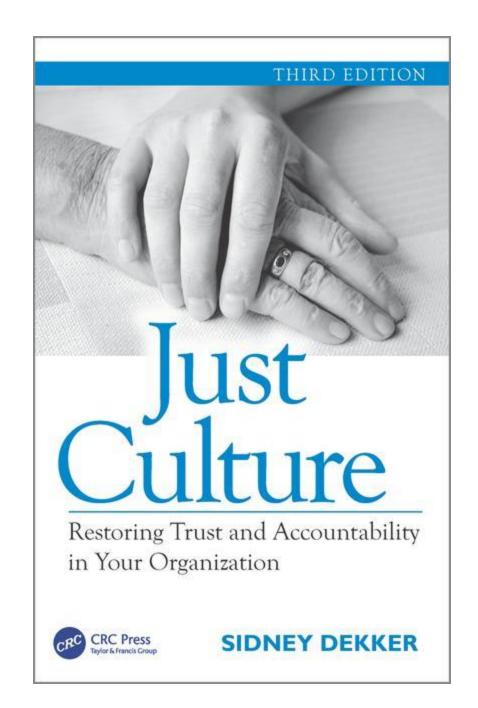
Traditional Discipline

Investigates

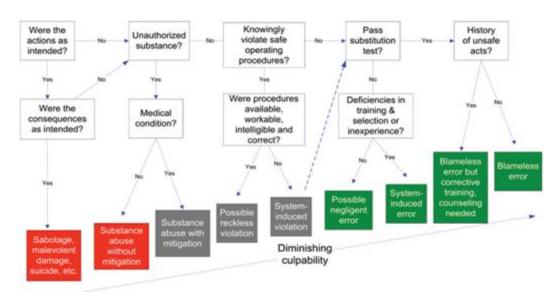
Determines "violations"

Focuses mostly on actions, not intent

Outcome: assigns accountability



- The European Union
- American Healthcare System
- Luminant Energy



James Reason's Culpability Matrix

KEY TAKEAWAY

The drives of a learning organization and a culture of traditional discipline conflict; HPI is not "bolt on."

You don't have to have the answers before starting the journey, but you must embrace the idea that it will transform your approach to discipline.

QUESTION 7:

Resources

Final Question:

Is your organization ready to commit necessary resources — in time, benchmarking, change leadership, and especially **staffing** — to achieve change?

Some of the things you'll do...

- Training
- Operational Data collection and analysis
- Field observations
- Senior team consultation and mentoring
- Benchmarking
- Maturity modeling
- Tool design and implementation
- Etc etc etc

KEY TAKEAWAY

Part-time staffing will quickly become a challenge on many fronts for any operational excellence transformation.

Your organization deserves full-time experts.